

SAFETY DATA SHEETS

According to the UN GHS revision 8

Version: 1.0

Creation Date: July 15, 2019

Revision Date: July 15, 2019



YATAI CHEMICAL CORP

1. SECTION 1: Identification

1.1. GHS Product identifier

Product name Magnesium carbonate

1.2. Other means of identification

Other names Carbonic acid,magnesium salt (1:1);Magnesium carbonate;

1.3. Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Identified uses Processing Aids and Additives

Uses advised against no data available

1.4. Supplier's details

Company Yatai Chemical Corp

Address Room 20A5, No.585, Longhua West Road,
Shanghai, China

Telephone 0086-21-64563115

1.5. Emergency phone number

Emergency phone number 0086-21-64563115

Service hours Monday to Friday, 9am-5pm (Standard time zone:
UTC/GMT +8 hours).

2. SECTION 2: Hazard identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Not classified.

2.2. GHS label elements, including precautionary statements

Pictogram(s) No symbol.

Signal word No signal word

Hazard statement(s) none

Precautionary statement(s)

Prevention none

Response none

Storage none

Disposal none

2.3. Other hazards which do not result in classification

no data available

3. SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1. Substances

Chemical name	Common names and synonyms	CAS number	EC number	Concentration
Magnesium carbonate	Magnesium carbonate	546-93-0	208-915-9	100%

4. SECTION 4: First-aid measures

4.1. Description of necessary first-aid measures

Medical attention is required. Consult a doctor. Show this safety data sheet (SDS) to the doctor in attendance.

If inhaled

Fresh air, rest.

Following skin contact

Rinse skin with plenty of water or shower.

Following eye contact

Rinse with plenty of water (remove contact lenses if easily possible).

Following ingestion

Rinse mouth.

4.2. Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Exposure Routes: inhalation, skin and/or eye contact Symptoms: Irritation eyes, skin, respiratory system; cough Target Organs: Eyes, skin, respiratory system (NIOSH, 2016)

4.3. Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Advanced treatment: Consider orotracheal or nasotracheal intubation for airway control in the patient who is unconscious or in severe respiratory distress. Positive pressure ventilation techniques with a bag valve mask device may be beneficial. Monitor cardiac rhythm and treat arrhythmias if necessary . Start an IV with D5W /SRP: "To keep open", minimal flow rate/. Use lactated Ringer's if signs of hypovolemia are present. Watch for signs of fluid overload. Consider drug therapy for pulmonary edema . For hypotension with signs of hypovolemia, administer fluid cautiously. Consider vasopressors for hypotension with a normal fluid volume. Watch for signs of fluid overload . Use proparacaine hydrochloride to assist eye irrigation . Magnesium and Related Compounds

5. SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

5.1. Suitable extinguishing media

In case of fire in the surroundings: all extinguishing agents allowed.

5.2. Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Not combustible. Gives off irritating or toxic fumes (or gases) in a fire.

5.3. Special protective actions for fire-fighters

In case of fire in the surroundings: all extinguishing agents allowed.

6. SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal protection: particulate filter respirator adapted to the airborne concentration of the substance. Sweep spilled substance into covered containers. If appropriate, moisten first to prevent dusting.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Personal protection: particulate filter respirator adapted to the airborne concentration of the substance. Sweep spilled substance into covered containers. If appropriate, moisten first to prevent dusting.

6.3. Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Collect and arrange disposal. Keep the chemical in suitable and closed containers for disposal. Remove all sources of ignition. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Adhered or collected material should be promptly disposed of, in accordance with appropriate laws and regulations.

7. SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Handling in a well ventilated place. Wear suitable protective clothing. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid formation of dust and aerosols. Use non-sparking tools. Prevent fire caused by electrostatic discharge steam.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Separated from acids.

8. SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Occupational Exposure limit values

Component	Magnesium carbonate			
CAS No.	546-93-0			
	Limit value - Eight hours		Limit value - Short term	
	ppm	mg/m³	ppm	mg/m³
Australia		10 (1)		
Belgium		10		
Canada - Ontario		10 (1)		
Canada - Québec		10		
France		10 respirable		

		aerosol		
New Zealand		10		
Singapore		10		
South Korea		10		
Switzerland		3 respirable aerosol		
USA - NIOSH		10 total dust		
		5 respirable fraction		
USA - OSHA		15 total dust		
		5 respirable dust		
United Kingdom		10 inhalable aerosol		
		4 respirable aerosol		
	Remarks			
Australia	(1) This value is for inhalable dust containing no asbestos and			
Canada - Ontario	(1) The value is for particulate matter containing no asbestos and			

Biological limit values

no data available

8.2. Appropriate engineering controls

Ensure adequate ventilation. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Set up emergency exits and the risk-elimination area.

8.3. Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment (PPE)

Eye/face protection

Wear safety spectacles.

Skin protection

Protective gloves.

Respiratory protection

Avoid inhalation of fine dust and mist. Use local exhaust or breathing protection.

Thermal hazards

no data available

9. SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

Physical state

Magnesite is a white, yellowish, grayish-white or brown crystalline solid or crystalline powder. Density: 3-3.1 g cm⁻³. An important ore for magnesium. Used in the manufacture of materials capable of withstanding very high temperatures.

Colour	Sometimes used to produce carbon dioxide.
Odour	Light, bulky, white powder
Melting point/freezing point	Odorless
Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range	990°C
Flammability	333.6°C at 760mmHg
Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit	Noncombustible Solid
Flash point	no data available
Auto-ignition temperature	169.8°C
Decomposition temperature	no data available
pH	350°C
Kinematic viscosity	no data available
Solubility	no data available
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water	0.01 % (NIOSH, 2016)
Vapour pressure	no data available
Density and/or relative density	0 mm Hg (approx) (NIOSH, 2016)
Relative vapour density	2.96 (NIOSH, 2016)
Particle characteristics	no data available

10. SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Decomposes on heating. This produces irritating fumes. Reacts with acids. This produces carbon dioxide gas.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable in air

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

MAGNESITE has generally low chemical reactivity. Non-flammable and non-combustible. Reacts with acids and acidic salts to generate gaseous carbon dioxide with effervescence (bubbling). The reaction may be rapid and exothermic with concentrated solutions of acids. The effervescence can create foaming. Incompatible with formaldehyde.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

no data available

10.5. Incompatible materials

Acids, formaldehyde.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

When heated to decomposition it emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes /of carbon dioxide/.

11. SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Acute toxicity

- Oral: no data available
- Inhalation: no data available
- Dermal: no data available

Skin corrosion/irritation

no data available

Serious eye damage/irritation

no data available

Respiratory or skin sensitization

no data available

Germ cell mutagenicity

no data available

Carcinogenicity

no data available

Reproductive toxicity

no data available

STOT-single exposure

no data available

STOT-repeated exposure

Lungs may be affected by repeated or prolonged exposure to dust particles.

Aspiration hazard

A nuisance-causing concentration of airborne particles can be reached quickly when dispersed.

12. SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

- Toxicity to fish: no data available
- Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates: no data available
- Toxicity to algae: no data available
- Toxicity to microorganisms: no data available

12.2. Persistence and degradability

no data available

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

no data available

12.4. Mobility in soil

no data available

12.5. Other adverse effects

no data available

13. SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Disposal methods

Product

The material can be disposed of by removal to a licensed chemical destruction plant or by controlled incineration with flue gas scrubbing. Do not contaminate water, foodstuffs, feed or seed by storage or disposal. Do not discharge to sewer systems.

Contaminated packaging

Containers can be triply rinsed (or equivalent) and offered for recycling or reconditioning. Alternatively, the packaging can be punctured to make it unusable for other purposes and then be disposed of in a sanitary landfill. Controlled incineration with flue gas scrubbing is possible for combustible packaging materials.

14. SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1. UN Number

ADR/RID: Not dangerous goods. (For reference only, please check.)	IMDG: Not dangerous goods. (For reference only, please check.)	IATA: Not dangerous goods. (For reference only, please check.)
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14.2. UN Proper Shipping Name

ADR/RID: Not dangerous goods. (For reference only, please check.)	IMDG: Not dangerous goods. (For reference only, please check.)	IATA: Not dangerous goods. (For reference only, please check.)
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14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR/RID: Not dangerous goods. (For reference only, please check.)	IMDG: Not dangerous goods. (For reference only, please check.)	IATA: Not dangerous goods. (For reference only, please check.)
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14.4. Packing group, if applicable

ADR/RID: Not dangerous goods. (For reference only, please check.)	IMDG: Not dangerous goods. (For reference only, please check.)	IATA: Not dangerous goods. (For reference only, please check.)
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14.5. Environmental hazards

ADR/RID: No	IMDG: No	IATA: No
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14.6. Special precautions for user

no data available

14.7. Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

no data available

15. SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product in question

Chemical name	Common names and synonyms	CAS number	EC number
Magnesium carbonate	Magnesium carbonate	546-93-0	208-915-9
European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)			Listed.
EC Inventory			Listed.
United States Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory			Listed.
China Catalog of Hazardous chemicals 2015			Not Listed.
New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC)			Listed.
Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)			Listed.
Vietnam National Chemical Inventory			Listed.
Chinese Chemical Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances (China IECSC)			Listed.
Korea Existing Chemicals List (KECL)			Listed.

16. SECTION 16: Other information

Information on revision

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Abbreviations and acronyms

- CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service
- ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road
- RID: Regulation concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail
- IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods
- IATA: International Air Transportation Association
- TWA: Time Weighted Average
- STEL: Short term exposure limit
- LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%
- LD50: Lethal Dose 50%
- EC50: Effective Concentration 50%

References

- IPCS - The International Chemical Safety Cards (ICSC), website: <http://www.ilo.org/dyn/icsc/showcard.home>
- HSDB - Hazardous Substances Data Bank, website: <https://toxnet.nlm.nih.gov/newtoxnet/hsdb.htm>
- IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer, website: <http://www.iarc.fr/>
- eChemPortal - The Global Portal to Information on Chemical Substances by OECD, website: http://www.echemportal.org/echemportal/index?pageID=0&request_locale=en
- CAMEO Chemicals, website: <http://cameochemicals.noaa.gov/search/simple>
- ChemIDplus, website: <http://chem.sis.nlm.nih.gov/chemidplus/chemidlite.jsp>

- ERG - Emergency Response Guidebook by U.S. Department of Transportation, website: <http://www.phmsa.dot.gov/hazmat/library/erg>
- Germany GESTIS-database on hazard substance, website: <http://www.dguv.de/ifa/gestis/gestis-stoffdatenbank/index-2.jsp>
- ECHA - European Chemicals Agency, website: <https://echa.europa.eu/>

Other Information

Magnesite (CAS 7760-50-1) is naturally occurring magnesium carbonate mineral. Magnesite can contain crystalline silica, see ICSC 0808.

Any questions regarding this SDS, Please send your inquiry to ydcl@yataichemical.com

Disclaimer: The above information is believed to be correct but does not purport to be all inclusive and shall be used only as a guide. The information in this document is based on the present state of our knowledge and is applicable to the product with regard to appropriate safety precautions. It does not represent any guarantee of the properties of the product. We as supplier shall not be held liable for any damage resulting from handling or from contact with the above product.